

***FACETED VOCABULARIES  
FOR  
BYZANTINE MUSIC-RELATED AUTHORITY METADATA  
THE RISM-MUSCAT CASE***

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## SCOPE OF THE WORK IN PROGRESS

- Optimizing **music discovery** in MUSCAT for the benefit of all music genres
- Demonstrating the imperative need to develop a **Byzantine music-specific genre/form controlled** vocabulary
- Examines possible **genre/form terms implementation scenarios** for Byzantine music in MUSCAT

# STARTING FROM THE BASICS

## Definitions

- Genre : "a class, type, or category, sanctioned by convention"
- Form as: "the constructive or organizing element in music".

## Approach of "Byzantine music"

A discrete music genre

As part of the Hellenic traditional  
monophonic ecclesiastical music

# SUBJECT HEADINGS & CONTROLLED VOCABULARIES IN THE MUSIC LIS

- Foundational principles and purposes of:
  - **controlled vocabularies or**
  - **subject headings SH or**
  - **subject access points (SAPs) or**
  - **subject authority records (SARs)**
- **Ensure good authority control practices**
- **Establish:**
  - **uniformity,**
  - **consistency and**
  - **interoperability among various cataloging environments**
- **Serve as retrieval tools**

# **ETHICS IN CATALOGING PRACTICE & THE GREEK RISM OFFICE**

- **Some basic principles of integrity in subject cataloging practice:**
  - 1) **Objectivity**
  - 2) **Neutrality**
- **The Greek RISM Office WG examines and anticipates:**
  - 1) **Fuller treatment of controlled vocabularies as they evolve in the Muscat cataloging environment**
  - 2) **Adequate response to current information description practices**
  - 3) **Efficient response to user information needs**

# THE GREEK RISM OFFICE & MUSCAT

- **The Greek RISM Office WG works :**

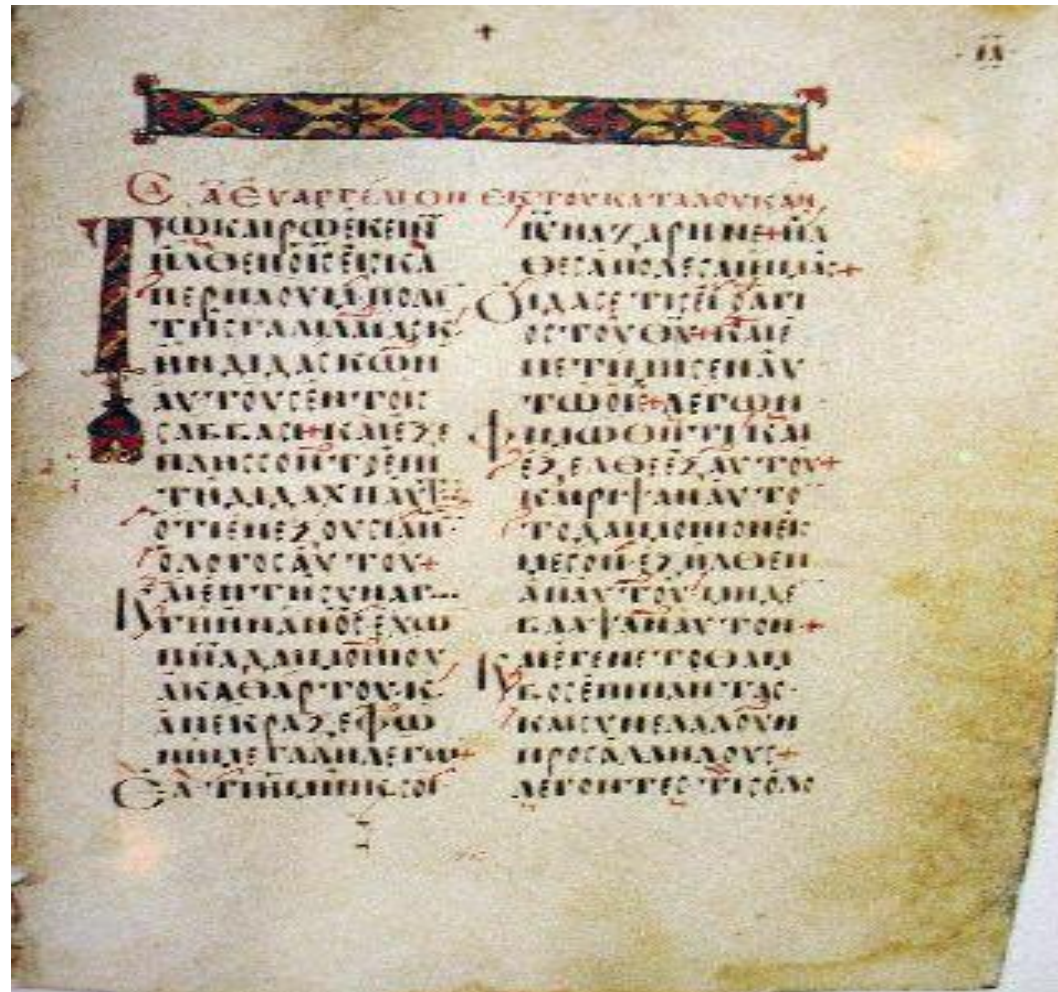
- 1) Enable access to Byzantine music manuscripts in an international context
- 2) The cataloging of the sources is:
  - a) realized on a chant level
  - b) requires music analysis to provide for the bibliographic and authority metadata related to each work.
- 3) Necessity to customize Muscat because:
  - a) It refers mainly to Western canon musical works
  - b) Provides for no “room” for more specific characteristics/attributes of the Byzantine chant repertory
- 4) Necessity to develop a Byzantine music-related controlled vocabulary



# BYZANTINE CHANT NOTATIONS

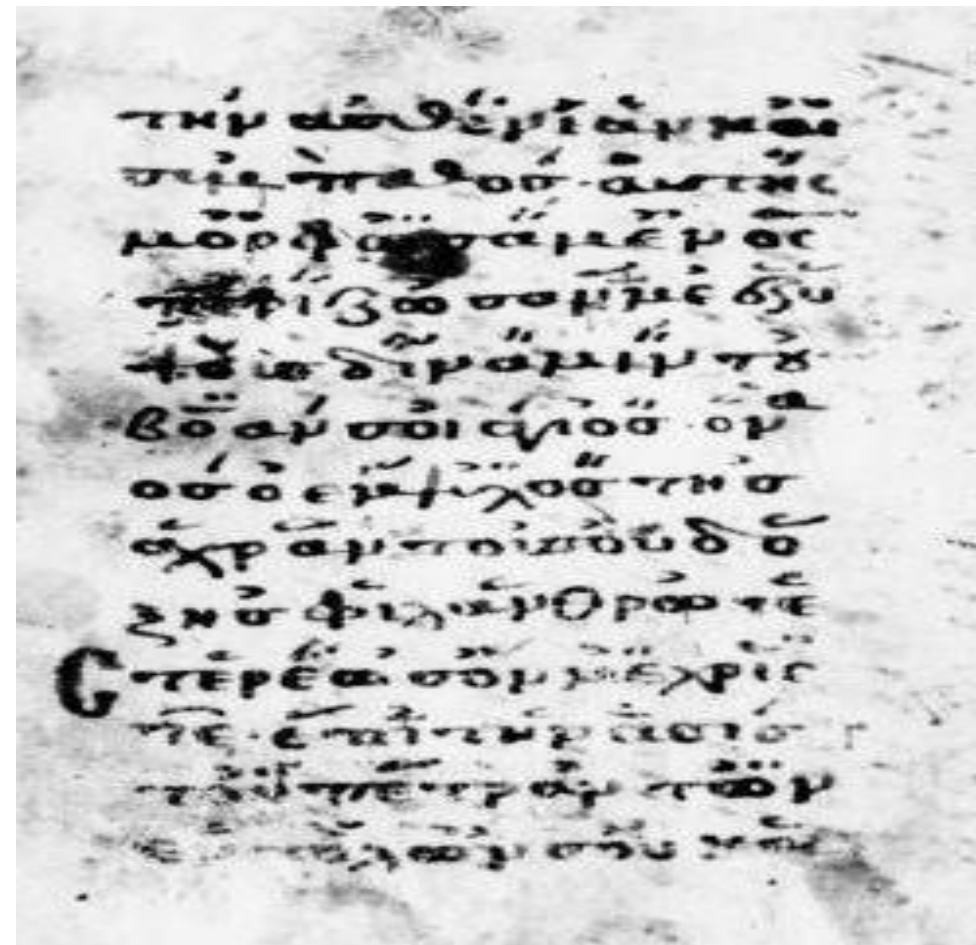
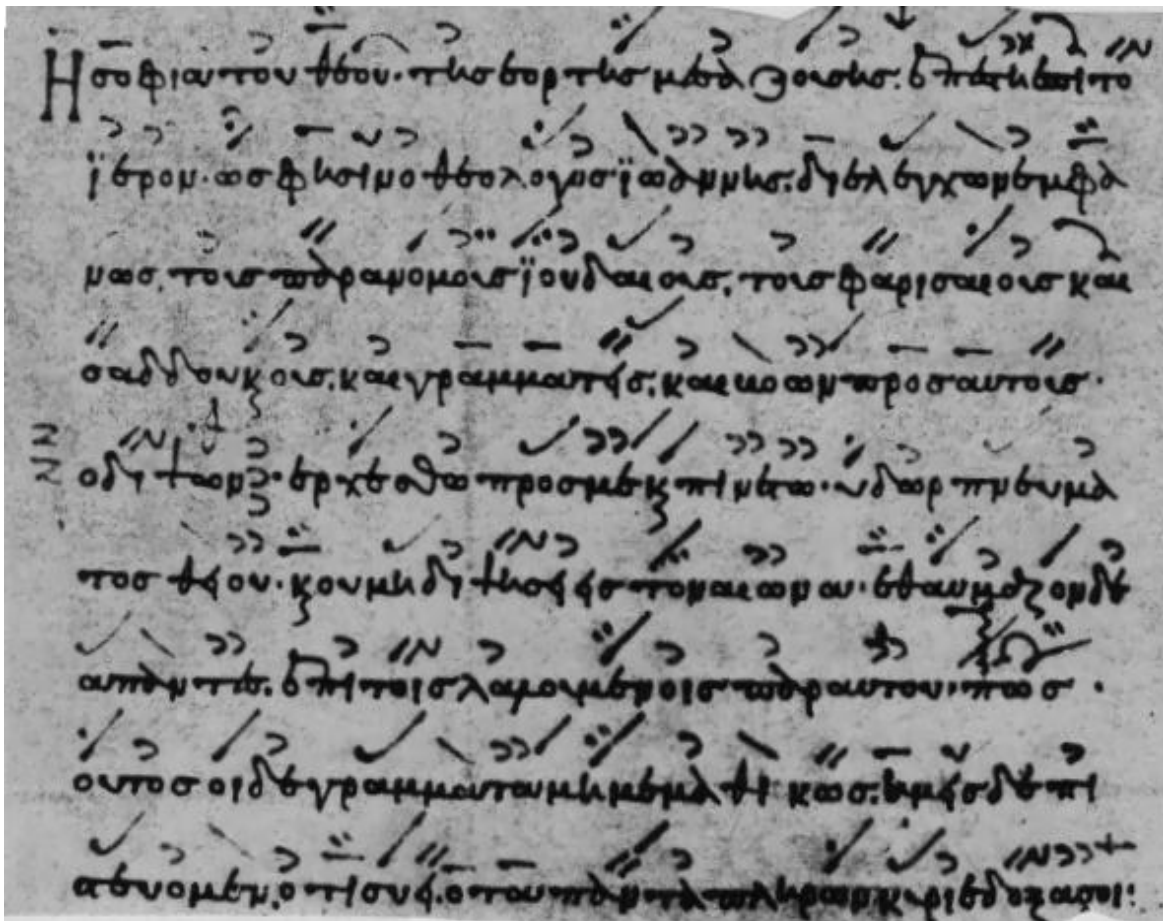
## EKPHONETIC NOTATION

SINAI GR. 215, 9<sup>TH</sup> C.



# BYZANTINE CHANT NOTATIONS

## PALEOBYZANTINE NOTATIONS: "CHARTRES" & "COISLIN"

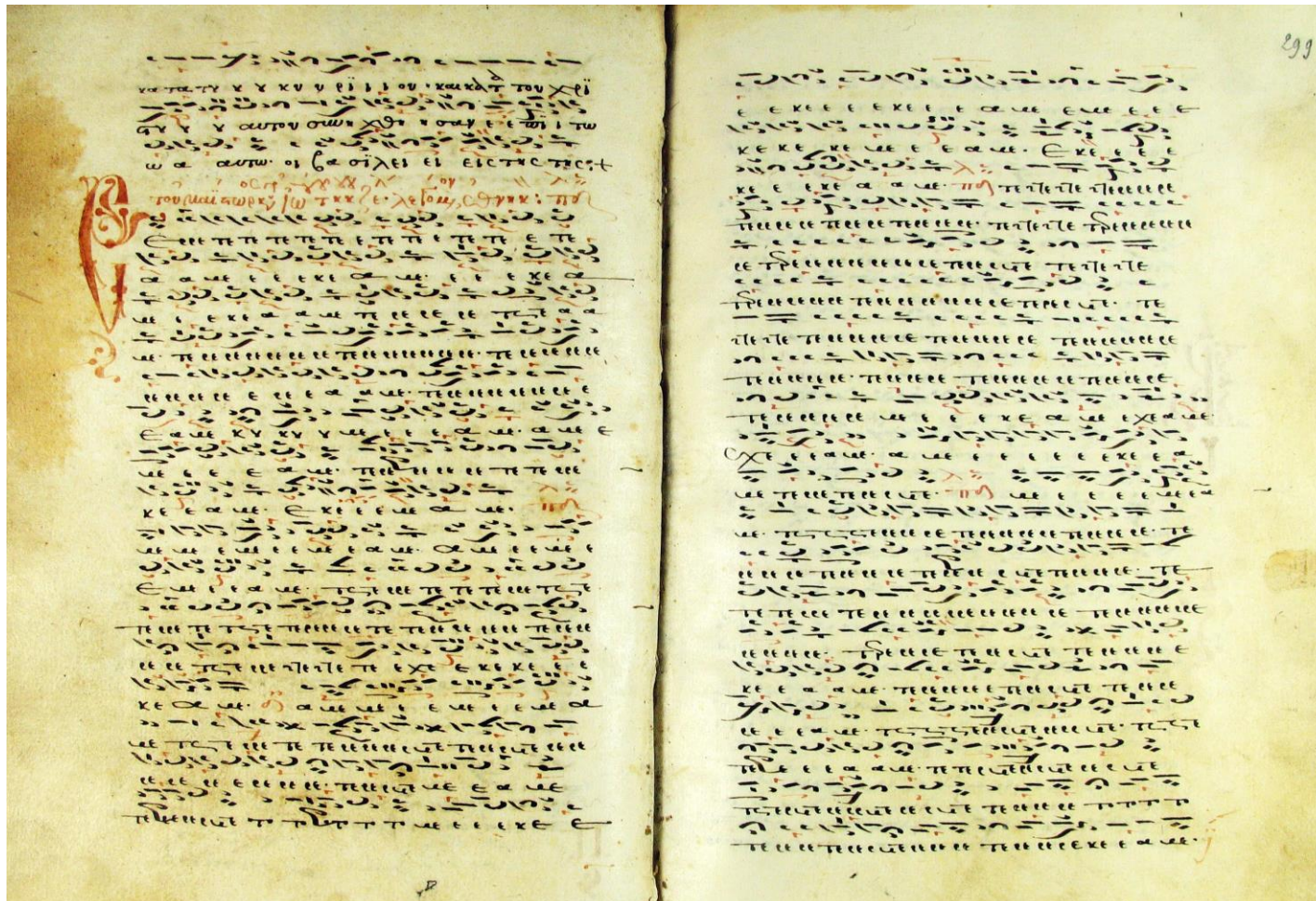




# BYZANTINE CHANT NOTATIONS

MIDDLE BYZANTINE OR 'ROUND

EBE 2406 FF.298V-299R IN 1453

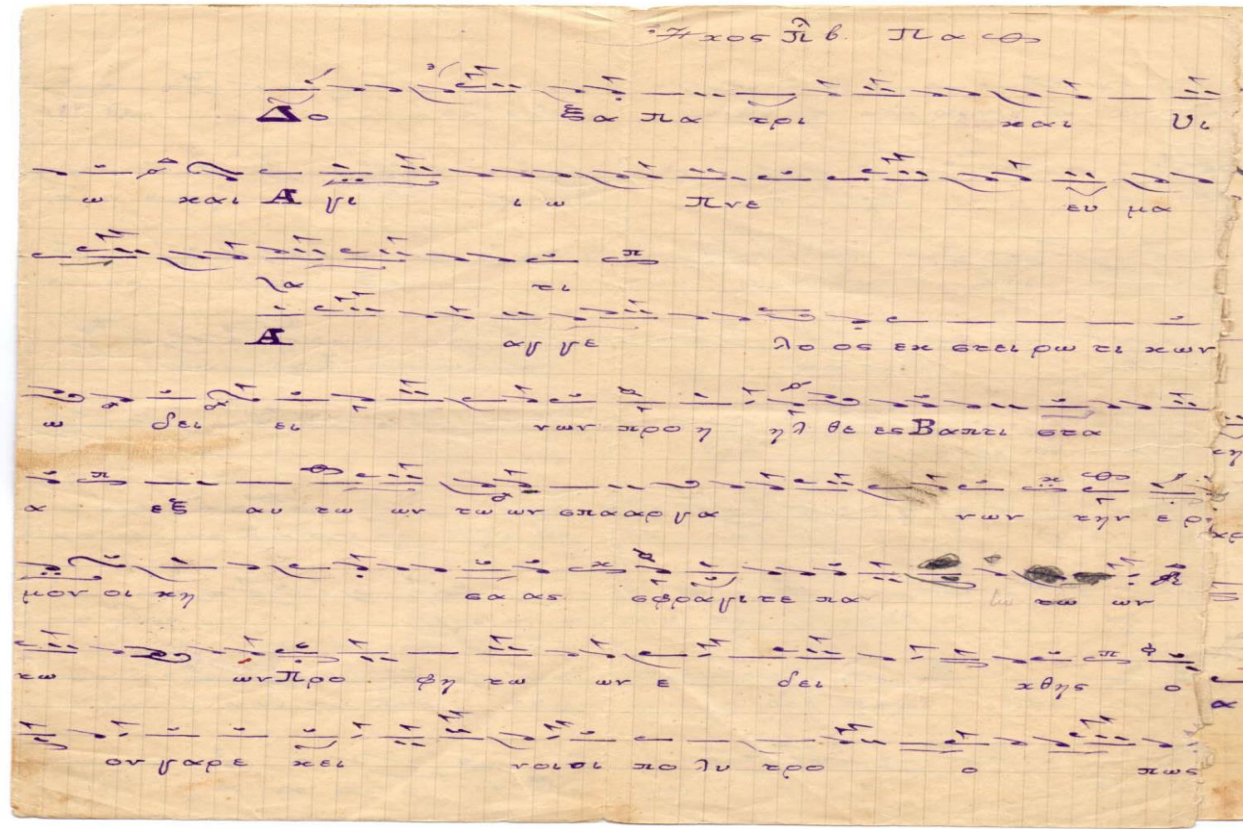




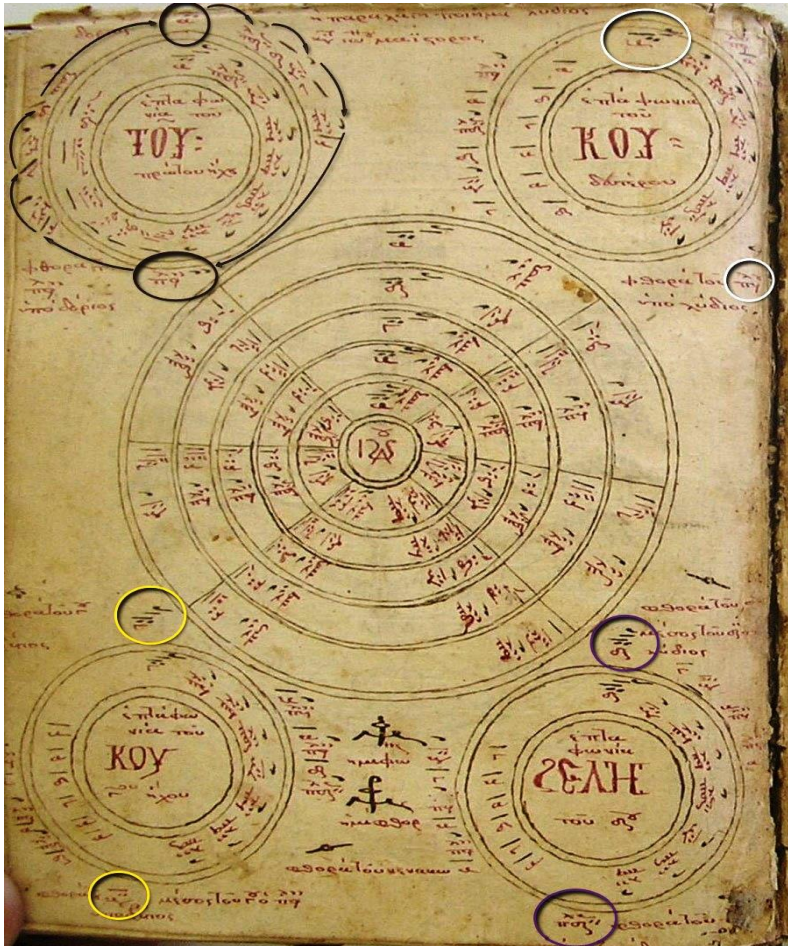
# BYZANTINE CHANT NOTATIONS

## CHRYSANTHINE NOTATION

LMS NM 30



# DIAGRAM OF: OCTOECHOS (EIGHT MODES)



Ἔχος πρῶτος (First mode of Byzantine music)

Ἔχος δευτερος (Second mode of Byzantine music)

Ἔχος τριτος (Third mode of Byzantine music)

Ἔχος τεταρτος (Fourth mode of Byzantine music)

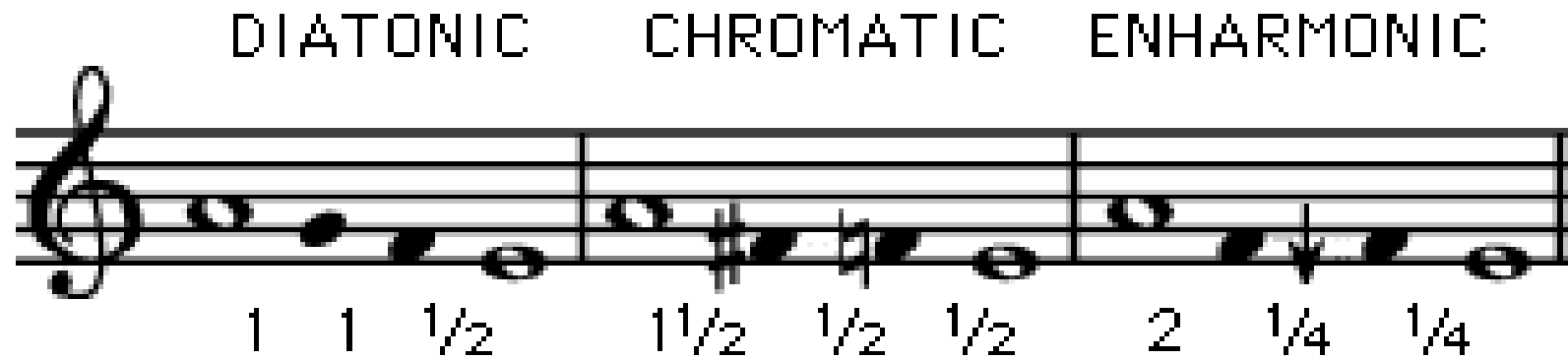
Ἔχος plagios πρῶτος (First plagal mode of Byzantine music)

Ἔχος plagios δευτερος (Second plagal mode of Byzantine music)

Ἔχος βαρυς (Third Plagal Mode of Byzantine Music)

Ἔχος plagios τεταρτος (Fourth Plagal Mode of Byzantine Music)

# BYZANTINE CHANT GENERA AND SCALE SYSTEMS



**5 steps = Pentachord**

**4 steps = Tetrachord**

**3 steps = Trichord**

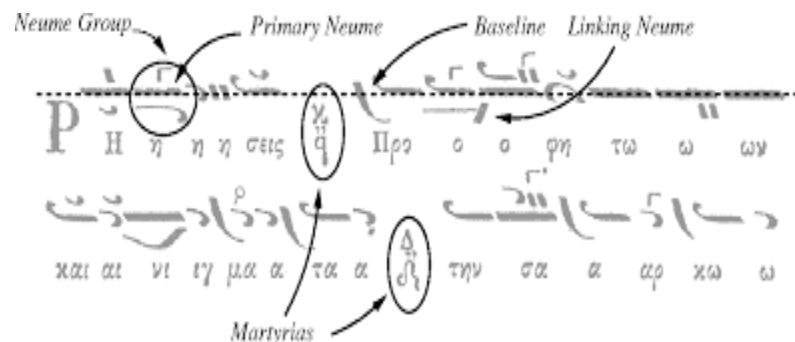


# PRESENT STATUS OF RESEARCH CHALLENGES

- **Knowledge of *koinē***

(medieval Greek language that is still in usage in the Greek Orthodox Church)

- **Acquaintance with the music notations**



- **Accessibility of the neglected primary sources**

# LCSH AND CONTROLLED VOCABULARIES

- **(LCSH) usage in:**
  - libraries,
  - archives,
  - museums, etc.) and
  - their information systems
- **Main goal:**
  - “a stable and consistent framework of description to facilitate retrieval through search and discovery”
  - “translating user search terms into the indexing languages used by the systems.”.

# LCSH ABOUT-NESS/IS-NESS

- Criticism to LCSH:
  - their syndetic structure,
  - Their strict syntax
- LCSH have handled sufficiently “about-ness”
  - what the topic of any given musical resource/item is
- LCSH have not handled sufficiently “is-ness”
  - what the content of the musical resource/item is, i.e. what the musical work “is”.

# LC SH INEFFECTIVENESS

## 1) Leftovers from the card catalog

- form over medium
- inverted vs direct order
- uniformity vs domain specification
- Etc.

## 2) Equally express and/or suggest or imply both form and genre

- *Choruses, Sacred* (see sh85024773) expresses and/or suggests both form and genre
- Difficulties in reaching a consensus
- Inherent inadequacies
- up-to-date limitations



# **LCGFT VS LCSH AND MARC FORMAT**

**1) In 2007 LCGFT is created to:**

- **Develop a vocabulary separate from Library of Congress Subject Headings-LCSH**
- **Describe what a resource “is” rather than what it is “about”**

**2) In 2009 MLA’s BCC now CMC established:**

- **Form/Genre Task Force**
- **Policy and Standards Division-PSD**

# LCGFT AND MARC21 BIBLIOGRAPHIC METADATA

- **Field 655** of **MARC 21** bibliographic format.

## **Example 1. MARC 21 bibliographic record 655 field**

### **Representation of music bibliographic metadata -**

100 1# \$a Debussy, Claude, \$d 1862-1918, \$e composer, \$e arranger of music.  
245 10 \$a Nocturnes ; \$b Première rhapsodie pour orchestre avec clarinet principale  
; Jeux ; La mer / \$c Claude Debussy.  
500 ## \$a The 2nd work originally for clarinet and piano, orchestrated by the  
composer.  
**655 #7 \$3** 1st and 4th works: \$a Symphonic poems. \$2 **lcgft**  
**655 #7 \$3** 2nd work: \$a Rhapsodies (Music) \$2 **lcgft**  
**655 #7 \$3** 2nd work: \$a Arrangements (Music) \$2 **lcgft**  
**655 #7 \$3** 3rd work: \$a Ballets (Music) \$2 **lcgft**

# LCGFT AND MARC21 AUTHORITY METADATA

## Example 1. MARC21 authority record

```
040__|a CaStSMF |b eng |c DLC |f lcgft |d CaStSMF |d DLC  
155__ |a Masses
```

## Example 2. MARC 21 authority record

### Use of LCGFT in authority music metadata

```
100 1# $a Tchaikovsky, Peter Ilich, $d 1840-1893. $t Lebedinoe ozero  
380 ## $a Ballets (Music) $2 lcgft  
400 1# $a Tchaikovsky, Peter Ilich, $d 1840-1893. $t Swan lake
```

## LCSH AND HELLENIC MUSIC

- Most of the terms originate from the LCSH
- While new terms are added “to fill out the thesaurus hierarchy
- To correct bias toward Western classical music in LCSH
- Hellenic music – mostly known as Greek music, or
- For the[music] library community the most common LCSH used is “Music, Greek and Roman”



# LCSH AND HELLENIC MUSIC

- ***Hellenic music* “disconstructed” in LCSH syntax:**
  - **music form with adjective**
    - implying nationality and geographic subdivision  
e.g. Songs, Greek,
  - **music form with adjective**
    - implying nationality and chronological subdivision  
e.g. Songs, Greek (Modern),
  - **genre/form with adjective**
    - implying nationality  
e.g. Folk songs, Greek.
  - **genre/form with adjective**
    - implying nationality as inverted phrase headings and geographical, general or other subdivision,  
e.g.,
      - Folk songs, Greek -- Greece
      - Folk songs, Greek (Modern) -- Greece
      - Songs, Greek (Modern) --Texts

# LCSH AND HELLENIC MUSIC: AN EXAMPLE

- Folk songs, Greek (LCSH) microstructure represents:
  - **Implied genre**, e.g. Folk [music],
  - **Implied form**, e.g. songs
  - Alternative **inverted phrase genre/form** heading,
    - e.g. Folk songs, Greek
  - Alternative **direct phrase genre/form** heading,
    - e.g. Greek folk songs
- **2 suggested TT in direct syntax:**
  - 1<sup>st</sup> preferred GFT: BT → **Hellenic music**
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> preferred GFT: NT → **Byzantine music (TT in its own hierarchy)**

# LCSH: MUSIC, BYZANTINE

**Example 4. LCSH “Music Byzantine” authority record**

<b>LC control no.:</b>	sh 85088849
<b>LCCN Permalink:</b>	<a href="https://lccn.loc.gov/sh85088849">https://lccn.loc.gov/sh85088849</a>
<b>HEADING:</b>	Music, Byzantine
<b>000</b>	00400cz a2200169n 450
<b>001</b>	4739133
<b>005</b>	20120327094447.0
<b>008</b>	860211   anannbabn  b ana
<b>010</b>	__  a sh 85088849
<b>035</b>	__  a (DLC)sh 85088849
<b>035</b>	__  a (DLC)85818
<b>040</b>	__  a DLC  c DLC
<b>150</b>	__  a <b>Music, Byzantine</b>
<b>450</b>	__  a <b>Byzantine music</b>
<b>550</b>	__  w g  a <b>Music, Greek and Roman</b>

# MUSCAT'S POLICIES AND GUIDELINES, AUTHORITIES - SECTION 5 SUBJECT HEADINGS

- Muscat's SHs → in **MARC 21/650 field** and → in **MARC 21 A/150 field**.
- Muscat's SARs include:
  - **TT → 150 field**
  - **Alternate terms** (in LCSH known as Variants) → **450 field**
  - **Notes** → **MARC 21 block of A/fields 667-68X**.
- **Muscat's SH** → **standardized RISM term in English, usually in plural form, or**
  - in the case of **non-Western Europe genres/forms**,
    - see **Hellenic and Byzantine music** → both in **local language (here Greek)** and its **transliterated form** as provided by the **ALA-LC Romanization tables** (here also Greek).
- **Alternate terms** → in different alphabet systems,
  - synonyms, variations, spellings, etc.
- **Notes** → short descriptions



# LCSH IN MUSCAT: THE BYZANTINE MUSIC EXAMPLE

Example 5. Muscat's approach - MARC 21 authority record  
([https://muscat.rism.info/admin/standard\\_terms/3901623](https://muscat.rism.info/admin/standard_terms/3901623))

TERM	Byzantine music
ALTERNATE TERMS	<p>Βυζαντινή εκκλησιαστική μουσική</p> <p>Εκκλησιαστική μουσική, Βυζαντινή</p> <p>Μουσική, Βυζαντινή</p> <p>Byzantine ecclesiastical music</p> <p>Ecclesiastical music, Byzantine</p> <p>Music, Byzantine</p>
NOTES	<p>CloseMatch <a href="http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85088849">http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85088849</a></p> <p>CloseMatch <a href="http://data.bnf.fr/13319501/musique_byzan">http://data.bnf.fr/13319501/musique_byzan</a></p>

# 1<sup>ST</sup> IMPLEMENTATION SCENARIO – POSSIBLE DISPLAY IN MUSCAT

## **Suggested syndetic structure non MARC implementation scenario**

### **Top Term**

Byzantinē mousikē

### **Scope note**

Here are entered works and studies on the traditional monophonic ecclesiastical music of the Orthodoxos Ekklēsia tēs Hellados from the Byzantine period to date.

### **Non-preferred terms (Variants)**

**UF** Byzantinē ekklesiastikē mousikē

**UF** Ecclesiastical music, Byzantine

**UF** Mousikē, Byzantinē

### **Broader Terms**

**BT** Hellēnikē ekklesiastikē mousikē

### **Related terms**

**RT** Byzantinē kosmikē mousikē

**RT** Metabyzantinē kai neōterē melopoia

**CloseMatch** <http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85088849>

**CloseMatch** [http://data.bnf.fr/13319501/musique\\_byzantine/](http://data.bnf.fr/13319501/musique_byzantine/)

# SUGGESTED SYNETIC STRUCTURE IMPLEMENTATION SCENARIO

- 155 Byzantinē mousikē | | Byzantine music
- 455 Byzantinē ekklēsiastikē mousikē | | Byzantine ecclesiastical music
- 455 Ekklēsiastikē mousikē, Byzantinē | | Ecclesiastical music, Byzantine
- 455 Mousikē, Byzantinē | | Music, Byzantine
- 555 Byzantinē kosmikē mousikē | | Byzantine secular music
- 555 Psaltikē technē | | Psaltic art
- 555 Metabyzantinē kai neōterē melopoia | | Meta-Byzantine and modern composition
- 555 Neo-Byzantinē mousikē | | Neo-Byzantine music
- 555 Hellēnikē ekklēsiastikē mousikē | | Hellenic ecclesiastical music | wg | |
- 670 Gerasimos-Sophoklēs Papadopoulos, ed. Anglo-Helleniko glōssari vasikōn Horōn tēs Byzantinēs mousikologias, Athēna: Ekdoseis Fagottobooks & Hergastēriou Byzantinēs Mousikologias, 2020
- 675 N.L.G.
- 675 L.C.
- 680 Here are entered works and studies on the traditional monophonic ecclesiastical music of the Orthodoxos Ekklēsia tēs Hellados from the Byzantine period to date.
- 680 Music idiom developed in Byzantine Empire for the musical setting of Hellenic literary texts of the Christian doctrine. Its main character is purely phonetic and monophonic, transcribed in a Byzantine music-specific neumatic notation.
- 7550\_ Music, Byzantine | 0<http://id.loc.gov/authorities/subjects/sh85088849>
- 7550\_ Byzantinē mousikē | 0MITOSa12307397

# DISCUSSION

- Muscat emphasizes on Western music
- A great many SH are either under-developed or not developed
- They approach or cover *Hellenic music* partially
- The LCSH approach has an overall impact on Muscat's policies regarding
  - “about-ness” and
  - subject authorized access points (SAAPs).(The case applies for all non-Western music in Muscat)



## CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- **Focus on the form/genre facet within Muscat**
- **When and how to align Muscat's SARs with LCGFT**
- **Benefit for all music form/genres**
- **Need of consistent faceted vocabularies-related approach**
- **Need to actively contribute to the enrichment of the LCGFT thesaurus**
- **Eliminate bias and bad practices through legacy data**
- **Adopt a more ethical approach in subject cataloging**



## **WHERE DO WE STAND NOW?**

- **Reaching a consensus on 'Hellenic music hierarchy' and 'Byzantine Music'**
- **Necessity of knowledge and expertise**
- **Develop SAAPs in MUSCAT**
- **Optimize MUSCAT's interaction and interoperability**
- **Plan to handle emerging retrospective issues in MUSCAT**

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- See: <https://rism.info/working-groups.html>



THANK  
YOU